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(*E*)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-(2-fluorobenzylidene)hydrazine

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 173 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.002 Å; R factor = 0.045; wR factor = 0.143; data-to-parameter ratio = 17.4.

In the title compound, $C_{13}H_9FN_4O_4$, the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings of the nearly planar molecule is 6.6 (9)°. The dihedral angles between the mean planes of the benzene ring and its two attached nitro groups are 6.7 (7) and 7.2 (9)°. Crystal packing is stabilized by N-H···O hydrogen bonds, weak C-H···O and C-H···F intermolecular interactions and centroid– centroid π -ring stacking interactions.

Related literature

For Schiff base propeties, see: Liang (2007). For nonlinear optical and crystalline properties, see: Baughman *et al.* (2004). For DNA-damaging and mutagenic agents, see: Okabe *et al.* (1993). For related structures, see: Bolte & Dill (1998); Shan *et al.* (2002); Fan *et al.* (2004); Motherwell & Ramsay, (2007); Shi *et al.* (2008); Ji *et al.* (2010); Kia *et al.* (2009); Jasinski *et al.* (2010).



Experimental

Crystal data $C_{13}H_9FN_4O_4$ $M_r = 304.24$

a = 7.0961 (8) Å

b = 8.2714 (9) Å

c = 11.7230 (8) Å

 $\alpha = 88.614 \ (7)^{\circ}$

 $\beta = 80.544 \ (8)^{\circ}$

Triclinic, $P\overline{1}$

 $\gamma = 71.368 (10)^{\circ}$ $V = 642.86 (11) \text{ Å}^3$ Z = 2Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 173 K $0.20 \times 0.18 \times 0.15 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

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Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos
Gemini diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
(CrysAlis RED; Oxford
Diffraction, 2007)
T_{\rm min} = 0.967, T_{\rm max} = 1.000
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Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$ 199 parameters $wR(F^2) = 0.143$ H-atom parameters constrainedS = 1.09 $\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.31$ e Å⁻³3466 reflections $\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.17$ e Å⁻³

6346 measured reflections

 $R_{\rm int} = 0.016$

3466 independent reflections

2802 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

Table 1Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - \mathbf{H} \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
$N2 - H2A \cdots O1$ $N2 - H2A \cdots O1^{i}$ $C2 - H2B \cdots F1^{ii}$ $C3 - H3A \cdots O4^{iii}$ $C5 - H5A \cdots O3^{iv}$	0.88 0.88 0.95 0.95 0.95	2.02 2.51 2.45 2.48 2.43	2.6317 (15) 3.3424 (15) 3.3386 (17) 3.3177 (19) 3.2694 (17)	126 158 156 148 148
			· · ·	

Symmetry codes: (i) -x + 1, -y + 1, -z + 1; (ii) -x + 3, -y, -z + 1; (iii) x + 2, y - 1, z; (iv) -x + 1, -y, -z.

Table 2

 $Cg \cdots Cg \pi$ -ring stacking interactions.

Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of rings C1-C6 and C8-C13, respectively.

$CgI \cdots CgJ$	$Cg \cdots Cg$ (Å)	Cg I_Perp (Å)	CgJ_Perp (Å)
$Cg1 \cdots Cg2^{i}$	3.6916 (10)	-3.4632(6)	3.3267 (5)
$Cg2\cdots Cg1^{n}$	3.6916 (10)	3.3267 (5)	-3.4632 (6)

Symmetry codes: (i) 1 + x, y, z; (ii) -1 + x, y, z.

Data collection: *CrysAlis PRO* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); cell refinement: *CrysAlis PRO*; data reduction: *CrysAlis RED* (Oxford Diffraction, 2007); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: NG5151).

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(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-(2-fluorobenzylidene)hydrazine

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Comment

Schiff bases and their complexes are widely used in the fields of biology, catalysis etc. (Liang, 2007). Especially, the dinitrophenyl hydrazones exhibit good nonlinear optical (NLO) and crystalline properties (Baughman *et al.*, 2004) and are found to have versatile coordinating abilities towards different metal ions. In addition, some 2,4-dinitrophenyl hydrazone derivatives have been shown to be potentially DNA-damaging and mutagenic agents (Okabe *et al.*, 1993). As a result of their significant molecular nonlinearities many x-ray structural studies of 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones have been reported. Among them, the most closely related structures are (E)-p-methoxy-acetophenone 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone (Bolte & Dill, 1998), acetophenone (2,4-dinitrophenyl)hydrazone (Shan *et al.*, 2002), 3-chloroacetophenone 2,4-dinitrophenyl- hydrazone (Fan *et al.*, 2004), 2,4-dihydroxyacetophenone 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone (Baughman *et al.*, 2004), syn-acetophenone (2,4-dinitrophenyl) hydrazone (Motherwell & Ramsay, 2007), 1-(2-chlorobenzylidene)-2-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)hydrazine (Shi *et al.*, 2008), N-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-N'-(1-p-tolylethylidene) hydrazine (Kia *et al.*, 2009), N-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-N'-(1-phenylethylidene)hydrazine (Ji *et al.*, 2010) and (1E)-1-(3-bromophenyl)ethanone 2,4-dinitrophenyl)ethanone 2,4-dinitrophenyl). In view of the importance of 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazones, this paper reports the crystal structure of the title compound, C₁₃H₉FN₄O₄, (I).

In the title compound the dihedral angle between the mean planes of the two benzene rings of a nearly planar molecule is 6.69°, (Fig. 2). The dihedral angle between the mean planes of the benzene ring and its two bonded nitro groups are 6.7 (7)° and 7.2 (9)°, respectively. Crystal packing is stabilized by N—H…O hydrogen bonds (Fig. 3), weak C—H…O intermolecular interactions and Cg—Cg π -ring stacking interactions (Table 2).

Experimental

A mixture of 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (1.98 g) and 2-fluorobenzaldehyde (1.24 g) was dissolved in methanol and refluxed for about 6h. The precipitate formed was filtered, dried and recrystallized in ethlyacetate. X-ray quality crystals of the title compound (I), were obtained after three days by the slow evaporation of a 1:1 mixture of dimethylformamide and pyridine at room temperature. (mp: 502 - 505 K).

Refinement

The parameters of all the H atoms have been constrained within the riding atom approximation. C—H bond lengths were constrained to 0.95 Å for aryl atoms, $U_{iso}(H) = 1.18 - 1.20U_{eq}(C_{aryl})$. N—H bond lengths were constrained to 0.88 Å, $U_{iso}(H) = 1.20U_{eq}(N)$.

Figures



Fig. 1. Molecular structure of the title compound showing the atom labeling scheme and 50% probability displacement ellipsoids.

Fig. 2. Packing diagram of the title compound viewed down the *b* axis. Dashed lines indicate N—H…O hydrogen bonds and weak N—H…O intermolecular interactions.

(E)-1-(2,4-Dinitrophenyl)-2-(2-fluorobenzylidene)hydrazine

Crystal	data
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Z = 2
F(000) = 312
$D_{\rm x} = 1.572 \ {\rm Mg \ m^{-3}}$
Mo K α radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
Cell parameters from 3528 reflections
$\theta = 3.1 - 32.2^{\circ}$
$\mu = 0.13 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
T = 173 K
Block, orange-red
$0.20\times0.18\times0.15~mm$

Data collection

Oxford Diffraction Xcalibur Eos Gemini diffractometer	3466 independent reflections
Radiation source: Enhance (Mo) X-ray Source	2802 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
graphite	$R_{\rm int} = 0.016$
Detector resolution: 16.1500 pixels mm ⁻¹	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 29.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 3.1^{\circ}$
φ and ω scans	$h = -9 \rightarrow 8$
Absorption correction: multi-scan (<i>CrysAlis RED</i> ; Oxford Diffraction, 2007)	$k = -11 \rightarrow 11$

$T_{\min} = 0.967, \ T_{\max} = 1.000$	$l = -16 \rightarrow 15$
6346 measured reflections	

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Least-squares matrix: full	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.045$	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$wR(F^2) = 0.143$	H-atom parameters constrained
<i>S</i> = 1.09	$w = 1/[\sigma^{2}(F_{o}^{2}) + (0.0733P)^{2} + 0.0845P]$ where $P = (F_{o}^{2} + 2F_{c}^{2})/3$
3466 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} < 0.001$
199 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{max} = 0.31 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	$\Delta \rho_{min} = -0.17 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted *R*-factor *wR* and goodness of fit *S* are based on F^2 , conventional *R*-factors *R* are based on *F*, with *F* set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating *R*-factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. *R*-factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on *F*, and *R*- factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (A^2)

	x	у	Ζ	$U_{\rm iso}*/U_{\rm eq}$
F1	1.25967 (13)	0.08268 (12)	0.46347 (7)	0.0542 (3)
01	0.33061 (16)	0.49706 (16)	0.46244 (9)	0.0576 (3)
O2	0.04251 (15)	0.62057 (14)	0.41195 (9)	0.0539 (3)
O3	0.0526 (2)	0.21724 (19)	-0.01824 (12)	0.0791 (4)
O4	-0.15820 (15)	0.42413 (15)	0.08977 (10)	0.0561 (3)
N1	0.79790 (15)	0.14775 (14)	0.28682 (9)	0.0377 (2)
N2	0.61603 (16)	0.26801 (15)	0.32453 (9)	0.0391 (3)
H2A	0.5959	0.3291	0.3884	0.047*
N3	0.00969 (19)	0.32023 (16)	0.06233 (11)	0.0443 (3)
N4	0.20937 (16)	0.51447 (14)	0.39505 (10)	0.0393 (3)
C1	1.2885 (2)	-0.02327 (17)	0.37123 (11)	0.0381 (3)
C2	1.4763 (2)	-0.1424 (2)	0.33969 (14)	0.0499 (3)
H2B	1.5823	-0.1511	0.3819	0.060*
C3	1.5057 (2)	-0.2487 (2)	0.24485 (15)	0.0534 (4)
H3A	1.6336	-0.3321	0.2214	0.064*
C4	1.3510 (2)	-0.23481 (18)	0.18385 (13)	0.0482 (3)

H4A	1.3727	-0.3086	0.1187	0.058*
C5	1.1651 (2)	-0.11396 (17)	0.21735 (11)	0.0404 (3)
H5A	1.0595	-0.1052	0.1747	0.049*
C6	1.12930 (18)	-0.00419 (15)	0.31287 (10)	0.0332 (3)
C7	0.93392 (18)	0.12582 (16)	0.34949 (11)	0.0358 (3)
H7A	0.9091	0.1924	0.4185	0.043*
C8	0.46749 (17)	0.29040 (15)	0.26058 (10)	0.0329 (3)
C9	0.26980 (18)	0.40469 (15)	0.29198 (10)	0.0324 (3)
C10	0.12047 (18)	0.41764 (14)	0.22616 (10)	0.0336 (3)
H10A	-0.0115	0.4954	0.2487	0.040*
C11	0.16630 (19)	0.31661 (15)	0.12820 (11)	0.0345 (3)
C12	0.3609 (2)	0.20726 (17)	0.09136 (11)	0.0396 (3)
H12A	0.3909	0.1412	0.0216	0.048*
C13	0.50799 (19)	0.19515 (17)	0.15534 (11)	0.0390 (3)
H13A	0.6408	0.1213	0.1290	0.047*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
F1	0.0485 (5)	0.0679 (6)	0.0446 (5)	-0.0099 (4)	-0.0184 (4)	-0.0156 (4)
01	0.0428 (6)	0.0767 (7)	0.0512 (6)	-0.0123 (5)	-0.0111 (5)	-0.0292 (5)
O2	0.0424 (6)	0.0553 (6)	0.0517 (6)	0.0007 (5)	-0.0030 (4)	-0.0189 (5)
O3	0.0686 (8)	0.0871 (9)	0.0790 (9)	-0.0060 (7)	-0.0370 (7)	-0.0388 (7)
O4	0.0380 (5)	0.0613 (7)	0.0664 (7)	-0.0057 (5)	-0.0209 (5)	-0.0032 (5)
N1	0.0290 (5)	0.0430 (6)	0.0384 (6)	-0.0080 (4)	-0.0046 (4)	-0.0036 (4)
N2	0.0292 (5)	0.0480 (6)	0.0373 (5)	-0.0077 (4)	-0.0053 (4)	-0.0108 (4)
N3	0.0440 (6)	0.0463 (6)	0.0455 (6)	-0.0131 (5)	-0.0174 (5)	-0.0022 (5)
N4	0.0348 (5)	0.0427 (6)	0.0392 (6)	-0.0121 (4)	-0.0013 (4)	-0.0110 (4)
C1	0.0385 (6)	0.0426 (6)	0.0338 (6)	-0.0116 (5)	-0.0102 (5)	-0.0005 (5)
C2	0.0391 (7)	0.0540 (8)	0.0529 (8)	-0.0048 (6)	-0.0174 (6)	0.0011 (6)
C3	0.0407 (7)	0.0461 (7)	0.0613 (9)	0.0020 (6)	-0.0060 (6)	-0.0041 (7)
C4	0.0529 (8)	0.0415 (7)	0.0455 (8)	-0.0103 (6)	-0.0031 (6)	-0.0091 (6)
C5	0.0408 (7)	0.0430 (7)	0.0393 (7)	-0.0136 (5)	-0.0107 (5)	-0.0040 (5)
C6	0.0317 (6)	0.0357 (6)	0.0329 (6)	-0.0113 (5)	-0.0061 (4)	0.0007 (4)
C7	0.0333 (6)	0.0418 (6)	0.0331 (6)	-0.0129 (5)	-0.0054 (5)	-0.0042 (5)
C8	0.0286 (5)	0.0363 (6)	0.0339 (6)	-0.0108 (5)	-0.0044 (4)	-0.0034 (4)
C9	0.0313 (6)	0.0335 (5)	0.0318 (6)	-0.0103 (4)	-0.0027 (4)	-0.0058 (4)
C10	0.0298 (6)	0.0313 (5)	0.0382 (6)	-0.0076 (4)	-0.0056 (4)	-0.0021 (4)
C11	0.0354 (6)	0.0335 (6)	0.0363 (6)	-0.0104 (5)	-0.0115 (5)	-0.0006 (5)
C12	0.0394 (7)	0.0403 (6)	0.0361 (6)	-0.0071 (5)	-0.0077 (5)	-0.0092 (5)
C13	0.0316 (6)	0.0416 (6)	0.0385 (6)	-0.0044(5)	-0.0045(5)	-0.0090 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

F1-C1	1.3555 (15)	С3—НЗА	0.9500
O1—N4	1.2343 (15)	C4—C5	1.3785 (19)
O2—N4	1.2161 (15)	C4—H4A	0.9500
O3—N3	1.2204 (16)	C5—C6	1.3967 (17)
O4—N3	1.2225 (15)	С5—Н5А	0.9500

N1 C7	1 2724 (16)	C6 C7	1 4618 (17)
N1N2	1 3653 (15)	С7—Н7А	0.9500
N2 C8	1.3548 (16)		1,4131,(17)
N2 H2A	0.8800	C_{8} C_{13}	1.4191(17)
N2 C11	1 4462 (16)	C_{0} C_{10}	1.4101(10) 1.2962(16)
N4 C0	1.4403 (10)	C10 C11	1.3803(10)
N4—C9	1.4300(13)		1.5085 (17)
C1 = C2	1.3783 (19)	CIO-HIOA	0.9500
C1 = C6	1.3800 (17)		1.3916 (18)
C2—C3	1.381 (2)	C12—C13	1.3597 (18)
C2—H2B	0.9500	C12—H12A	0.9500
C3—C4	1.379 (2)	C13—H13A	0.9500
C7—N1—N2	117.04 (11)	C1—C6—C5	116.70 (11)
C8—N2—N1	117.99 (10)	C1—C6—C7	121.17 (11)
C8—N2—H2A	121.0	C5—C6—C7	122.12 (11)
N1—N2—H2A	121.0	N1—C7—C6	118.51 (11)
O3—N3—O4	123.15 (12)	N1—C7—H7A	120.7
O3—N3—C11	117.69 (12)	С6—С7—Н7А	120.7
O4—N3—C11	119.16 (11)	N2—C8—C9	123.98 (11)
O2—N4—O1	122.32 (11)	N2—C8—C13	119.48 (11)
O2—N4—C9	119.24 (11)	C9—C8—C13	116.55 (11)
01—N4—C9	118.44 (11)	C10-C9-C8	121.82 (10)
F1-C1-C2	118.20 (12)	C10—C9—N4	115.72 (11)
F1-C1-C6	118 24 (11)	C8—C9—N4	122.45 (11)
$C_{2}-C_{1}-C_{6}$	123 55 (12)	$C_{11} - C_{10} - C_{9}$	118 91 (11)
C1 - C2 - C3	118.00(13)	C11_C10_H10A	120.5
C1 - C2 - H2B	121.0	C_{P} C_{10} H_{10A}	120.5
$C_1 = C_2 = H_2 B$	121.0	$C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{12}$	120.3 121.27(11)
$C_3 = C_2 = C_2$	121.0 120.60(14)	$C_{10} = C_{11} = C_{12}$	121.27(11) 110.78(11)
$C_4 = C_3 = C_2$	120.00 (14)	C10 - C11 - N3	119.70 (11)
$C_4 = C_3 = H_3 A$	119.7	C12 - C11 - N3	118.95 (11)
C2—C3—H3A	119.7		119.89 (11)
C5-C4-C3	120.00 (13)	C13—C12—H12A	120.1
C5—C4—H4A	120.0	С11—С12—Н12А	120.1
C3—C4—H4A	120.0	C12—C13—C8	121.44 (11)
C4—C5—C6	121.14 (12)	C12—C13—H13A	119.3
С4—С5—Н5А	119.4	C8—C13—H13A	119.3
С6—С5—Н5А	119.4		
C7—N1—N2—C8	-178.38 (11)	N2	2.32 (19)
F1—C1—C2—C3	-179.24 (13)	C13—C8—C9—N4	-177.74 (11)
C6—C1—C2—C3	-0.3 (2)	O2—N4—C9—C10	-6.98 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	0.2 (2)	O1—N4—C9—C10	173.40 (12)
C2—C3—C4—C5	0.0 (2)	O2—N4—C9—C8	173.56 (12)
C3—C4—C5—C6	-0.1 (2)	O1—N4—C9—C8	-6.07 (19)
F1-C1-C6-C5	179.17 (11)	C8—C9—C10—C11	0.07 (18)
C2-C1-C6-C5	0.3 (2)	N4-C9-C10-C11	-179 40 (11)
F1-C1-C6-C7	-0.39(18)	C9-C10-C11-C12	-2.71(19)
$C^{2}-C^{1}-C^{2}-C^{7}$	-179 28 (13)	$C_{2} = C_{10} = C_{11} = N_{2}^{2}$	$\frac{2.71}{176}$ (12)
C_{4} C_{5} C_{6} C_{1}	0.0(2)	$03_N3_C11_C10$	-173.46(14)
$C_{1} = C_{2} = C_{1} = C_{1}$	170.51(12)	$O_{4} = N_{2} = C_{11} = C_{10}$	1/3.40 (14) 6 06 (10)
U4-U3-U0-U/	1/7.31 (12)	04-103-011-010	0.00 (19)

N2—N1—C7—C6	178.86 (10)	O3—N3—C11—C12		5.4 (2)
C1—C6—C7—N1	173.99 (12)	O4—N3—C11—C12		-175.12 (12)
C5—C6—C7—N1	-5.54 (19)	C10-C11-C12-C13		2.3 (2)
N1—N2—C8—C9	177.09 (11)	N3-C11-C12-C13		-176.51 (12)
N1—N2—C8—C13	-2.85 (18)	C11—C12—C13—C8		0.8 (2)
N2-C8-C9-C10	-177.12 (11)	N2-C8-C13-C12		176.68 (12)
C13—C8—C9—C10	2.82 (18)	C9—C8—C13—C12		-3.3 (2)
Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)				
D—H···A	<i>D</i> —Н	$H \cdots A$	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
N2—H2A···O1	0.88	2.02	2.6317 (15)	126.
N2—H2A···O1 ⁱ	0.88	2.51	3.3424 (15)	158.
C2—H2B…F1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.45	3.3386 (17)	156.

C3—H3A…O4ⁱⁱⁱ 3.3177 (19) C5—H5A…O3^{iv} 0.95 2.43 3.2694 (17)

0.95

Symmetry codes: (i) -*x*+1, -*y*+1, -*z*+1; (ii) -*x*+3, -*y*, -*z*+1; (iii) *x*+2, *y*-1, *z*; (iv) -*x*+1, -*y*, -*z*.

Table 2

 $Cg \cdots Cg \pi$ -ring stacking interactions, Cg1 and Cg2 are the centroids of rings C1–C6 and C8–C13; [Symmetry codes: (i) 1+x,y,z; (*ii*) -1+x, y, z]

2.48

148.

148.

CgI…CgJ	$Cg\cdots Cg$ (Å)	Cg I_Perp (Å)	CgJ_Perp (Å)
Cg1…Cg2 ⁱ	3.6916 (10)	-3.4632 (6)	3.3267 (5)
Cg2…Cg1 ⁱⁱ	3.6916 (10)	3.3267 (5)	-3.4632 (6)



Fig. 1

Fig. 2

